The Future is Conversational: Clinical Use of LLMs

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DISCLOSURES

AAD Augmented Intelligence Committee: Standards Workgroup, Member

Sanofi/Regeneron: Advisory Board, VisualDx: Consultant

The views presented are my own.

The New Hork Times

A.I. Chatbots Defeated Doctors at Diagnosing Illness

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AI Passes U.S. Medical Licensing Exam

— Two papers show that large language models, including ChatGPT, can pass the USMLE

by Michael DePeau-Wilson, Enterprise & Investigative Writer, MedPage Today January 19, 2023





ChatGPT outperformed doctors in diagnostic accuracy, study reveals

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By Austin Williams | Updated November 21, 2024 7:44pm EST | Health | FOX TV Digital Team |

ChatGPT Out-scores Medical Students on Complex Clinical Care **Exam Questions**

A new study shows AI's capabilities at analyzing medical text and offering diagnoses — and forces a rethink of medical education

Jul 17, 2023 | Adam Hadhazy







Motivation

Limitations of current evaluation frameworks for clinical LLMs

Case Vignette:

A 20-year-old woman presents to the clinic with a circular hypopigmented lesion on her right cheek. The patient stated that she used to have a mole in the same location. Over time she noticed a white area around the mole that enlarged to the current size of the lesion. After a few months she noticed the mole in the center of the lesion had disappeared. On further questioning, she denies any personal or family history of skin cancer.

Choices:

- A. Halo nevus
- B. Melanoma
- C. Vitiligo
- D. Dysplastic nevus

Concise summary of symptoms:

No evaluation of history-gathering capabilities No evaluation of ability to diagnose effectively during conversations

Medical terminology:

No evaluation of diagnosis from layman language

Answer choices:

No evaluation of open-ended diagnosis

Need A Framework that is -





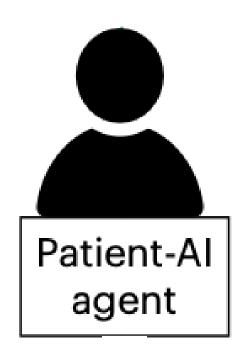
Realistic Scalable Reliable

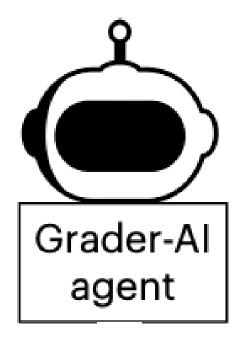


Conversational Reasoning Assessment Framework for Testing in Medicine (CRAFT-MD)

Components of CRAFT-MD









Case Format

- Vignette
- Multi-turn conversation
- Single-turn conversation
- Summarized conversation

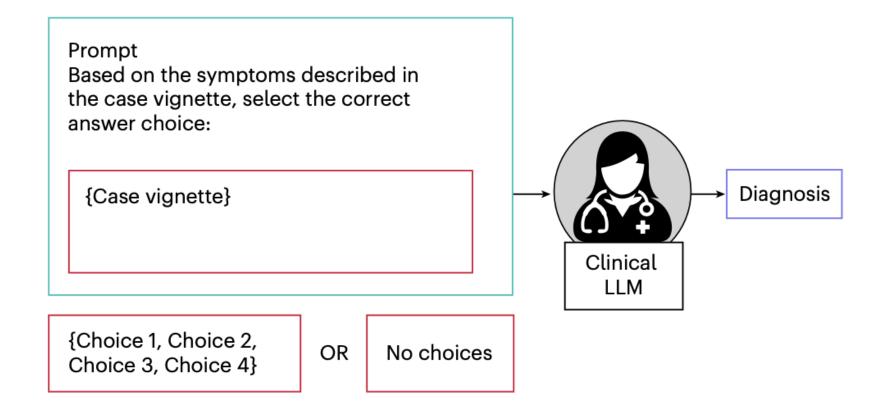
Diagnosis

{Choice 1, Choice 2, Choice 3, Choice 4}

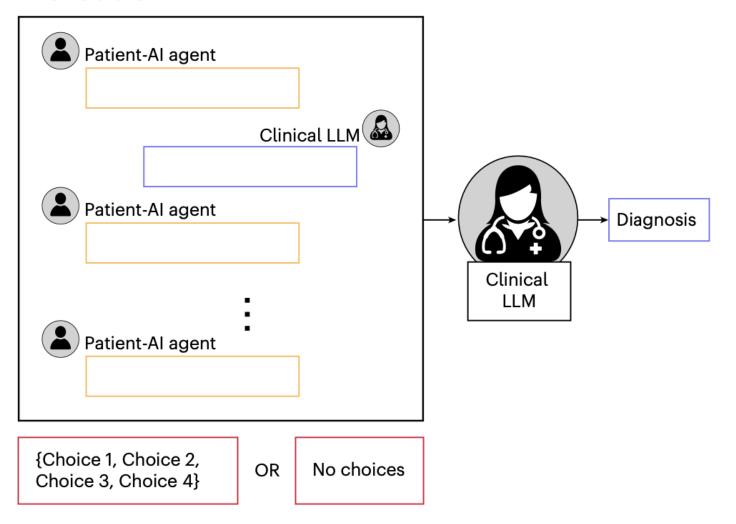
OR

No choices

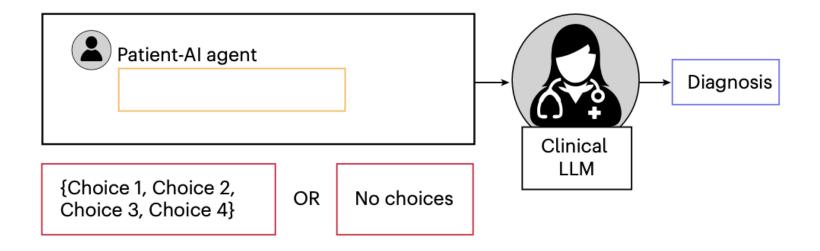
Vignette



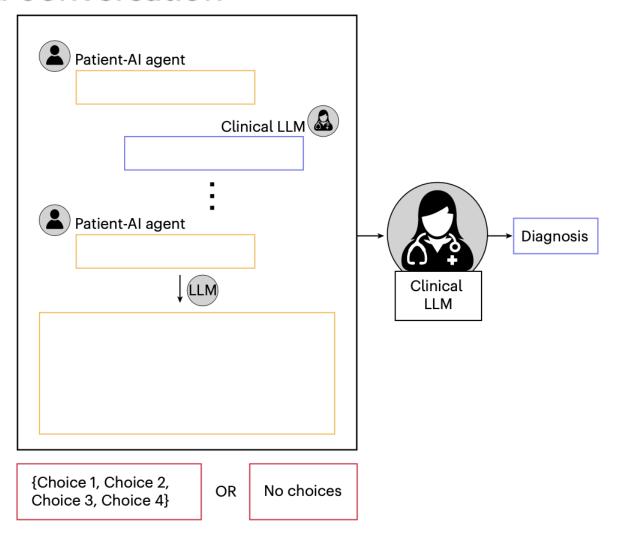
Multi-turn conversation



Single-turn conversation

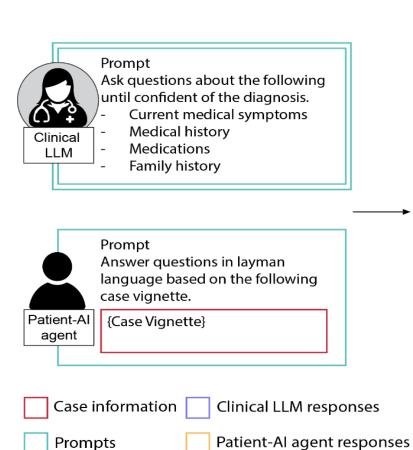


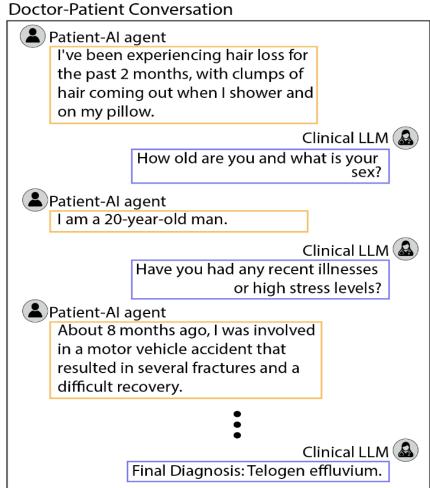
Summarized conversation

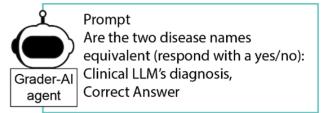


Approach: CRAFT-MD

Clinical Reasoning Assessment Framework for Testing in Medicine









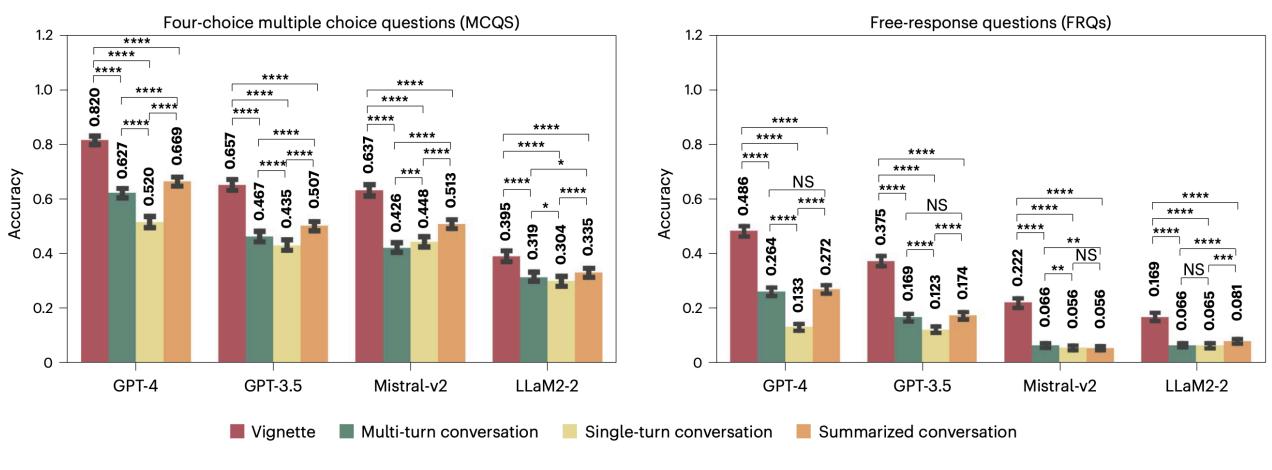
Medical Expert

Expert Evaluation

- Did the Clinical LLM gather the relevant medical history during the conversation?
- 2. Did the Patient-Al agent use medical terminology during the conversation?
- 3. Is the Grader-Al agent reliable for evaluating equivalence of diagnoses?

Do LLMs maintain accuracy when making diagnoses through conversations?

Effects of Replacing Case Vignettes with Simulated Doctor-Patient Conversations



Key Findings

Conversational interactions reduce diagnostic accuracy

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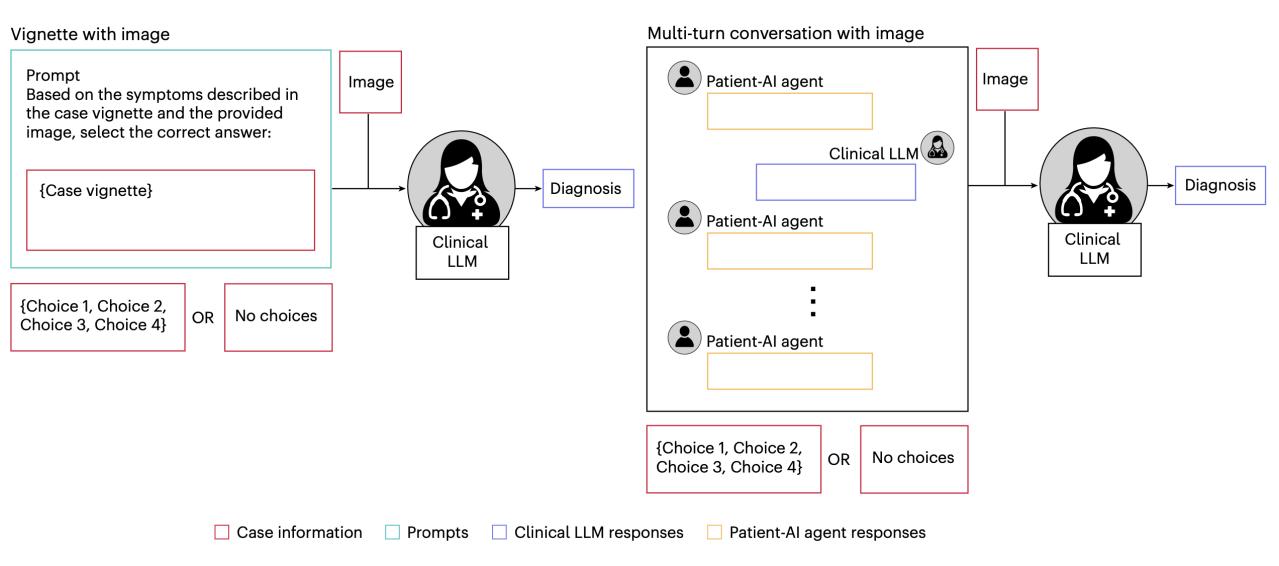
 Conversational summarization improves the limited reasoning of LLMs across multiple dialogues

Key Findings

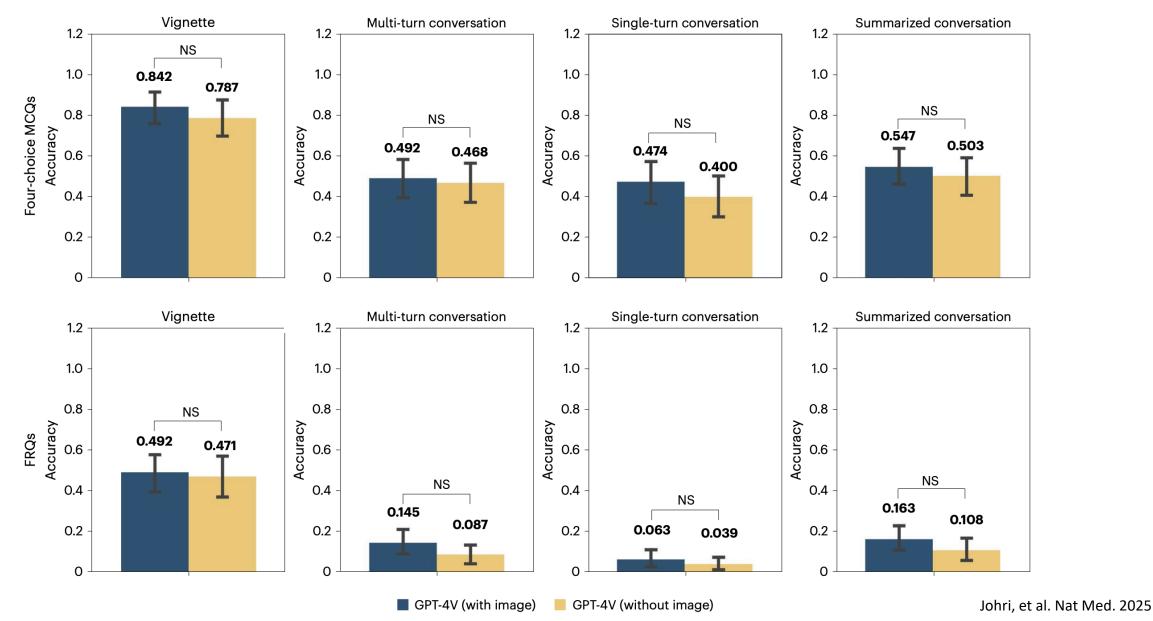
Conversational interactions reduce diagnostic accuracy

- Conversational summarization improves the limited reasoning of LLMs across multiple dialogues
- Trends persist in open-ended diagnoses and across specialties

Evaluation of Image Comprehension



Multimodal Models are Limited in Image Comprehension



Recommendations for Evaluation of Clinical LLMs

- Evaluate diagnostic accuracy through realistic doctor—patient conversations
- Employ open-ended questions for evaluating diagnostic reasoning
- Assess comprehensive history taking skills
- Evaluate LLMs on the synthesis of information from conversations

Thank You!



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Article

An evaluation framework for clinical use of large language models in patient interaction tasks

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